



Inspection record for motorized paragliders Wing unit initial inspection

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EAPR GmbH - Marktstr. 11 - D-87730 Bad Grönenbach - Germany

applicant	Mac Para						
wing unit	Chronos 28	MTOW	130-162 kg	type test number	EAPR-TW-7530/13	serial number	
manufacturer	Mac Para	trimmer	ja	accelerator	ja, nicht in Kombination		
motor	G-Force Moster	type test number	EAPR-MS-7598/12	serial number		1550	
propeller	Helix H30F-1,25m-L-M-10-2	pitch	10° laut Hersteller				
harness	G-Force	suspension	hoch, starr	maximum allowable total flying weight			
test pilot	Anselm Rauh	test location	Bassano und Achensee	date	28.02.2013		

1. test of launch	
special launch technique required	YES <i>Set trimmers closed to neutral</i>
altitude gain after 300 meters > 15 meters	YES
2. test of landing	
special landing technique required	NO
soft landing on pilots feet possible / soft landing on wheels possible (for paratrike)	Yes, by continuous braking
3. test of trim speed in straight flight	
altitude gain after 300 meters > 15 meters	> 30 km/h
4. behavior of the glider by using the breaks with open trimmers or /and foot acceleration without throttle	
execution	allowed
distortion of the canopy when braking in accelerated flight	NO

5. test of pitch stability and pitch damping and parachutal stall tendency when alternating between thrust and no thrust		
glider turns from the flight axis in a fast alternating between full throttle and no throttle		NO
canopy collapses		NO
parachutal stall or stall is happening		NO
pitch damping		pitch oscillations decreasing significantly
6. examination of the curve behavior with throttle		
horizontal figure "8" in less than 30 sec.		YES
flat spin tendency		NO
instable flying, with the danger of twisting the lines by changing the direction of turning		NO
7. test of roll stability		
behavior in roll movements and roll damping		rolling decreases significantly
8. test of roll stability in straight flight		
rolling in straight flight		rolling <10°
9. examination of spin tendency by lightly using the braks on both sides		
turning against the torque of the motor at 25% brake possible		yes, 180° in 10sec possible
10. test of stall at maximum motor thrust		
brake travel in cm, braking force		>40cm, constant or increasing
tendency to enter parachutal stall		NO
movement around yaw axis		<10°
11. test of recovery to normal flight from high angles of attack		
followed by cascade		NO
termination		yes, termination when thrust of motor is released Stable parachutal may occur at fully closed trimmers and full throttle
12. test of assymetric collapse with trimmers closed and no use of speed system		
execution	without folding lines	possible
behavior of the paraglider after assymetric collapse not accelerated, trimmers closed	paraglider needs pilot input to prevent twist, unloading of lines. Extreme turning or surging forward,	cascade happens

13. test of assymetric collapse with trimmers fully open and full use of speed system		
execution	without folding lines	possible
behavior of the paraglider	canopy reopens without pilot input turning strongly (<360° until reopening), surging forward less than 90° Steep kink angle at collapses 55-60%, demanding behaviour	
14. test of symmetric collapse with trimmers closed		
execution	without folding lines	possible
behavior of the paraglider after symmetric collapse (min. 40%) trimmers closed	canopy reopens without pilot input turning only slightly (<30°), surging forward less than 45°	
15. test of symmetric collapse with trimmers open and eventual full use of speed system		
execution	without folding lines	possible
behavior of the paraglider after symmetric collapse (min. 40%) trimmers closed	paraglider can be stabilized by pilot within 3sec 0	
16 test of behavior of the paraglider in spiral dive		
behavior of the paraglider when entering the manoeuvre	paraglider increases bank angle and sink rate continuously with increasing pull on the brake line	
tendency to finish the turn and to return to level flight when exiting the manoeuvre	bank angle stays the same, return to normal flight through slight pilot input (counter braking of the outside half of the wing) When harness crossbrace is under tension, active exit may be required	
behavior of the paraglider when exiting the manoeuvre	the energy when exiting the spiral dive must be reduced gradually by the pilot, because strong pendulum movements could occur followed by a collapse of the canopy Fade energy by adding extra turns at exit	
remarks		
Der Schirm wurde mit Fußbeschleuniger oder geöffneten Trimmern geprüft, nicht aber in der Kombination von geöffnetem Trimmer und Fußbeschleuniger! _____ _____ _____		